



Towards cost appropriate seismic monitoring of Carbon Stores

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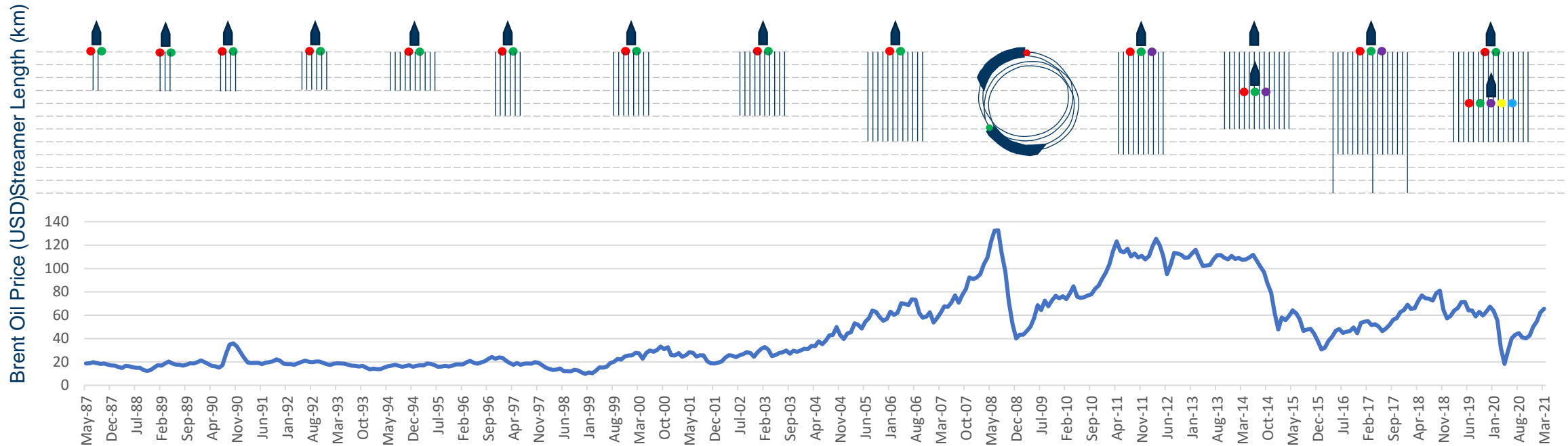
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Chemical Tracers
Downhole Pressure Temperature
Sediment Samples
VSP Seabed Video
Gravimetry Microseismics
Seismic
Laser Surveys
Water Column Sampling
Seabed Displacement
InSAR
Downhole Fluid Sampling

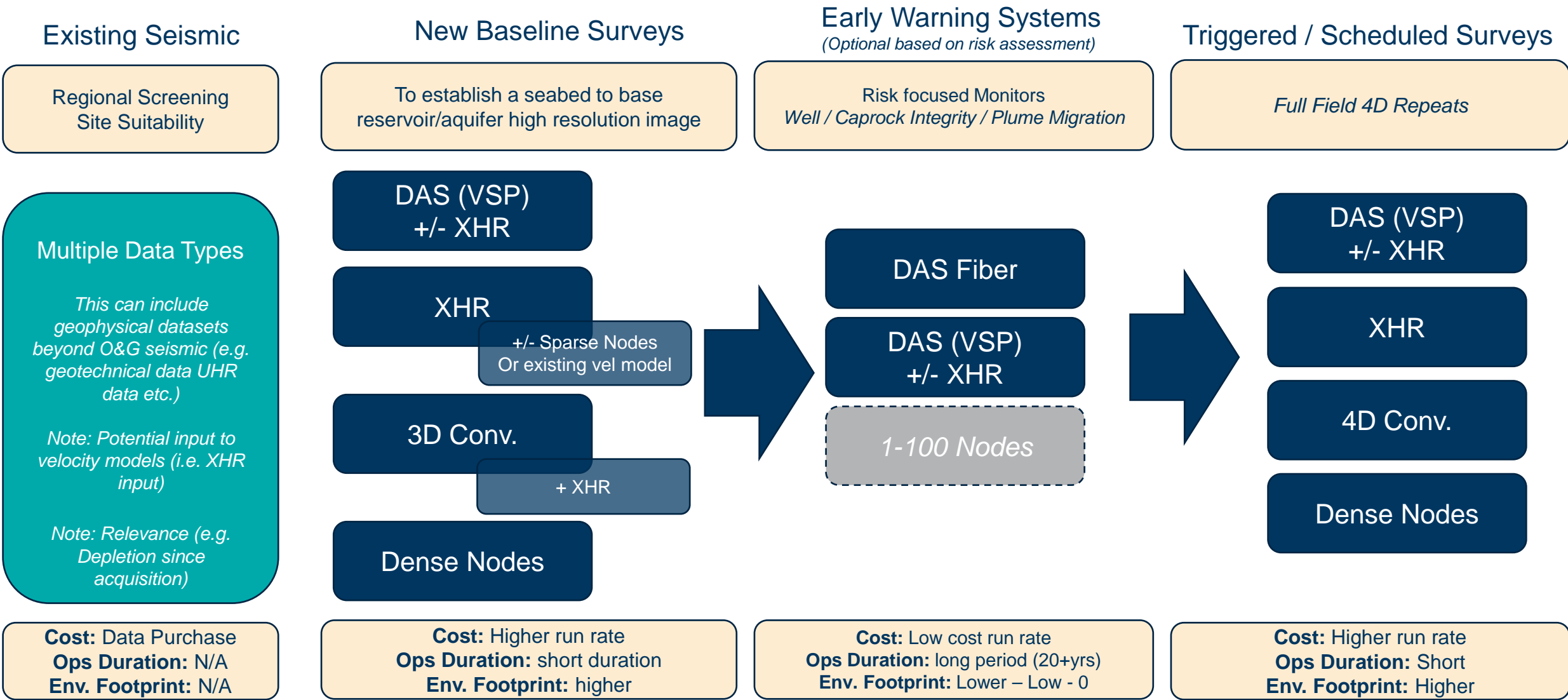
When it comes to applying technology for CCS we need to ask ourselves why?

- Containment & Conformance

- What is needed to demonstrate containment of CO₂?
- Image of the CO₂ in the reservoir, the lack of CO₂ elsewhere (direct / indirect)?
- What is needed to demonstrate conformance with model forecasts?



Overview – Seismic Technology for Carbon Storage Monitoring

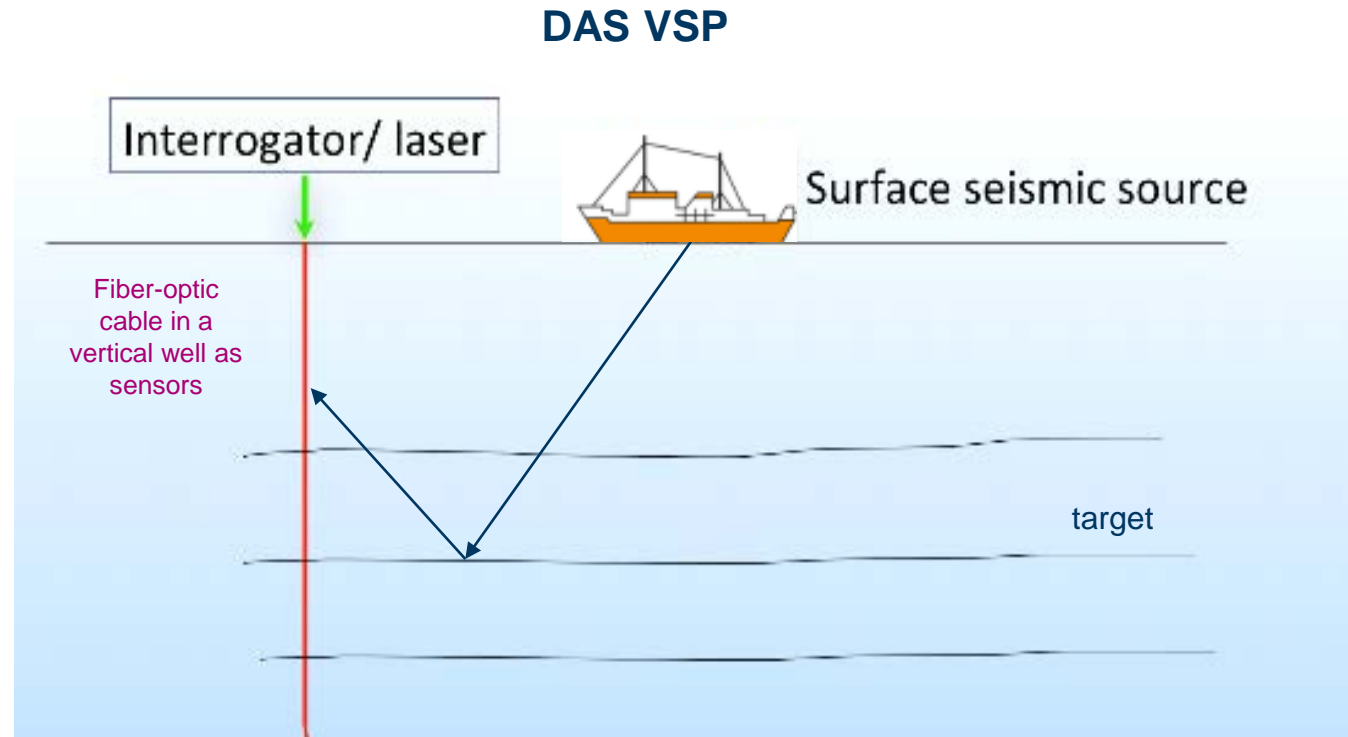


DAS (VSP)



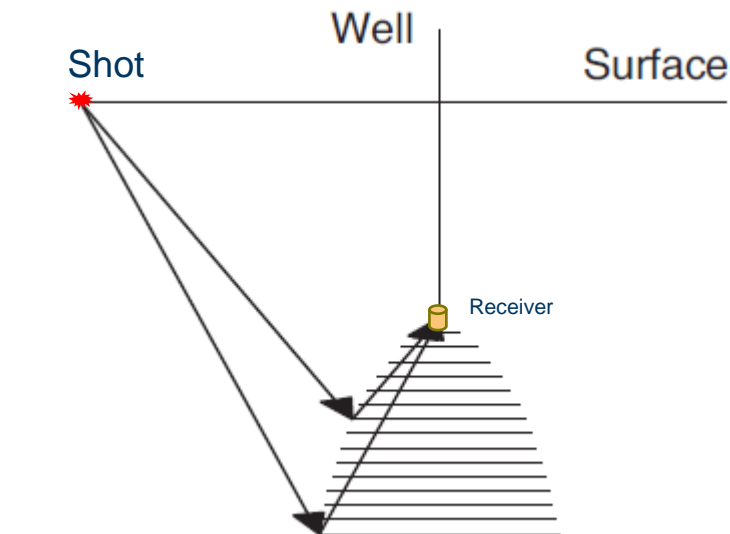
What is DAS?

- DAS stands for Distributed Acoustic Sensing, a method that uses a fiber-optic cable as a sensor to record seismic data
- DAS applications in seismic imaging and monitoring



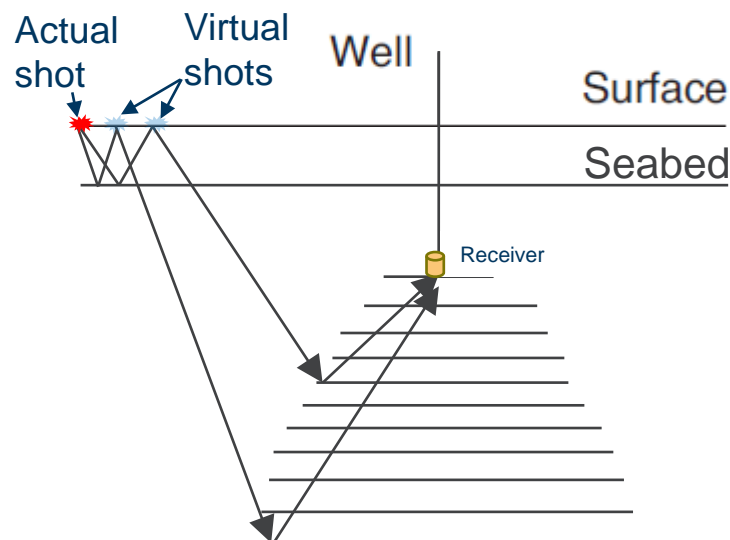
Extended Illumination Provided by Free Surface Multiples

VSP primary
imaging
(using upgoing
reflections)



Limited
primary
illumination
around well

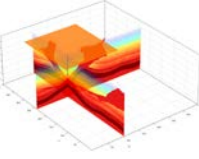
VSP multiple
imaging
(using 1st-order upgoing
multiple reflections)



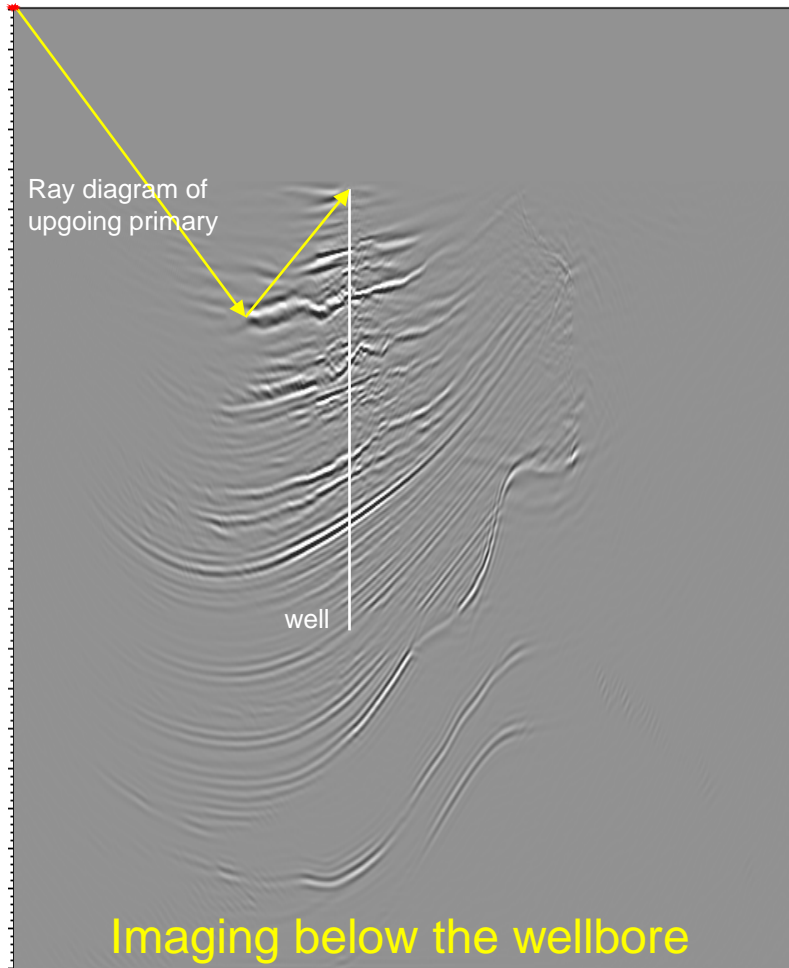
Extended
multiple
illumination

DAS least-squares joint imaging of multiples and primaries

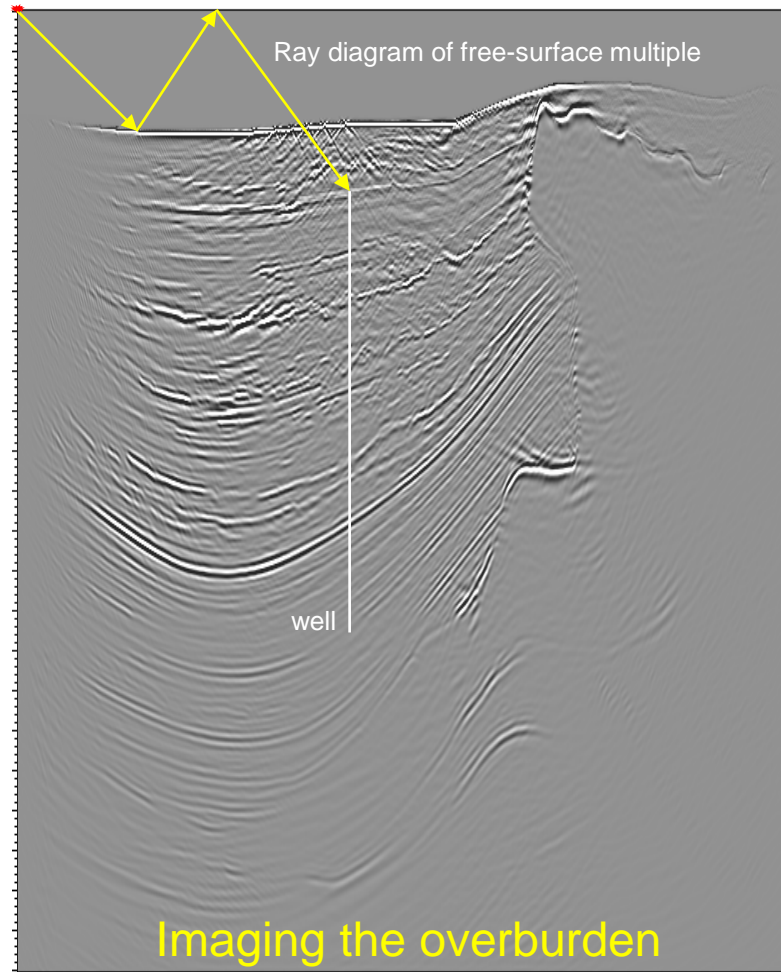
- synthetic example



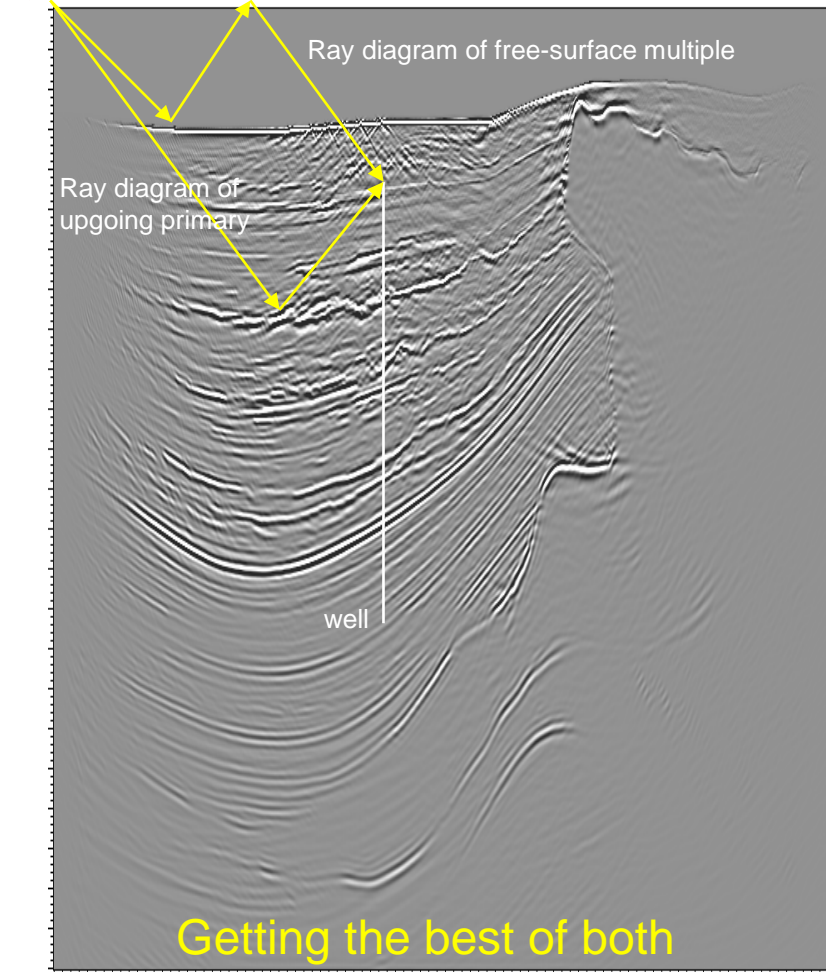
Upgoing primary image



Downgoing multiple image



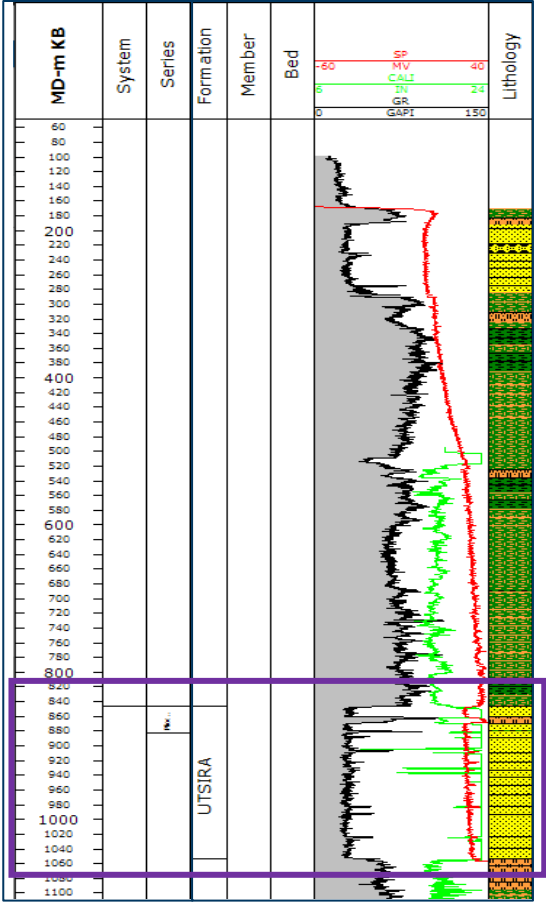
Least-squares joint image



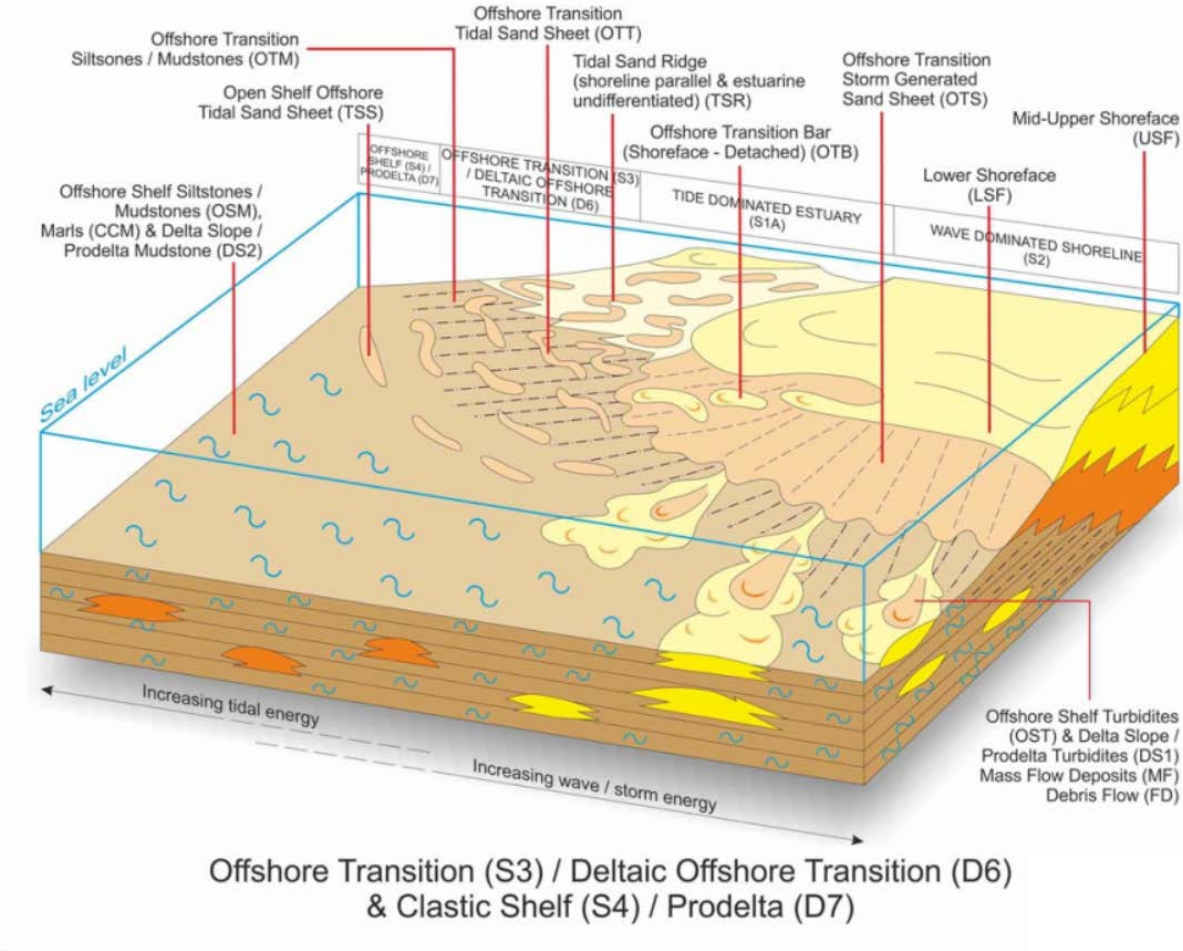
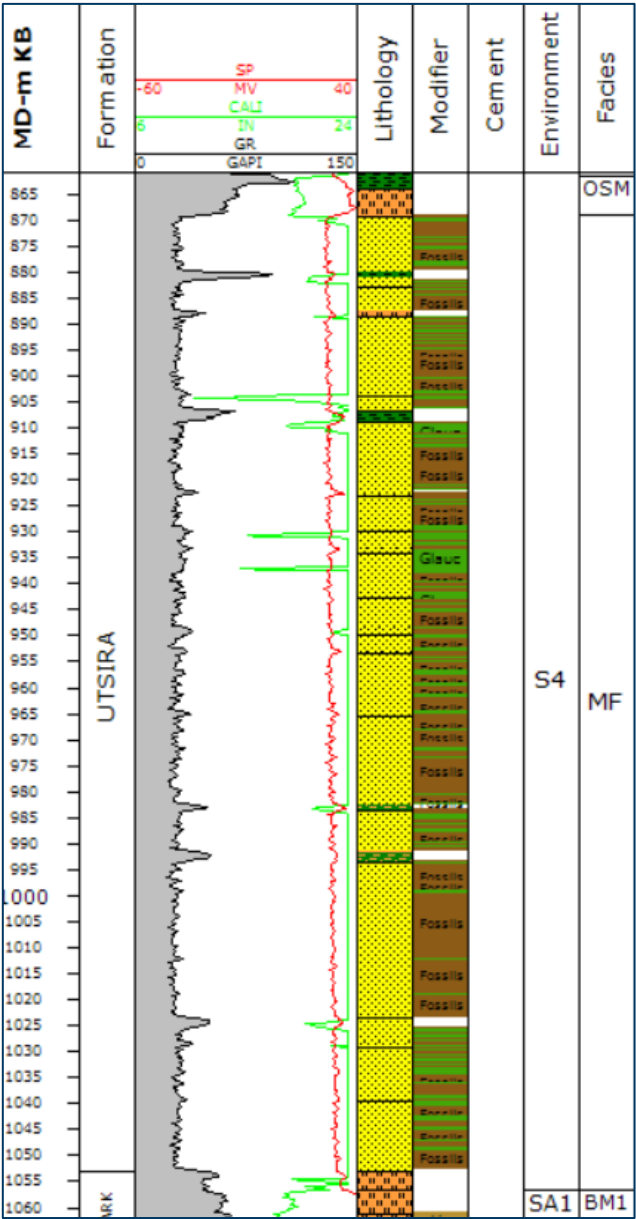
Sleipner Carbon Store **~ 2022 acquisition data**



Sleipner 2022 Pilot – Geology



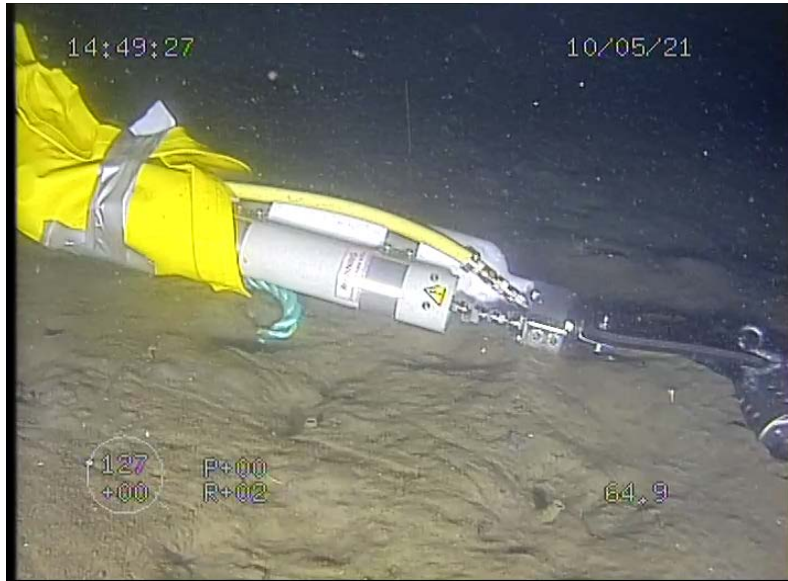
200m interbedded sandstones overlain by 600m sealing lithologies



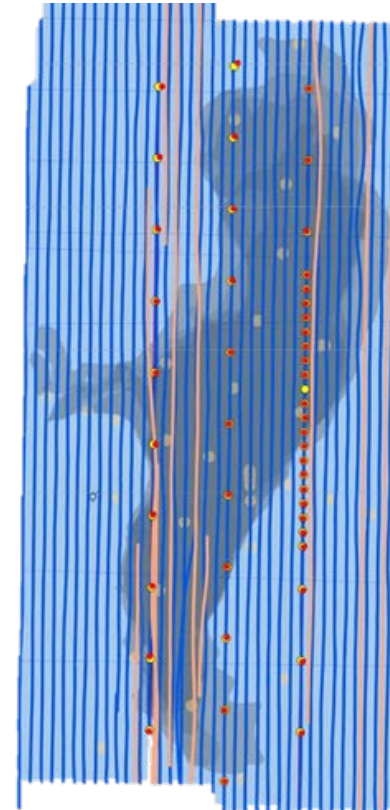
Offshore Transition (S3) / Deltaic Offshore Transition (D6) & Clastic Shelf (S4) / Prodelta (D7)

XHR3D Renewables – 12x150m Active streamer / Dual Air Source

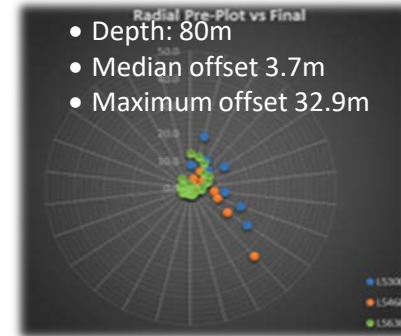
-
- Diagram illustrating the experimental setup for the BIRD system. The vessel is shown with a source ~170m behind it. The vessel is moving at ~60-40m to NG. The streamer is ~162.5m long. The vessel is moving at ~60-40m to NG. The source is ~170m behind the vessel. The streamer is ~162.5m long.



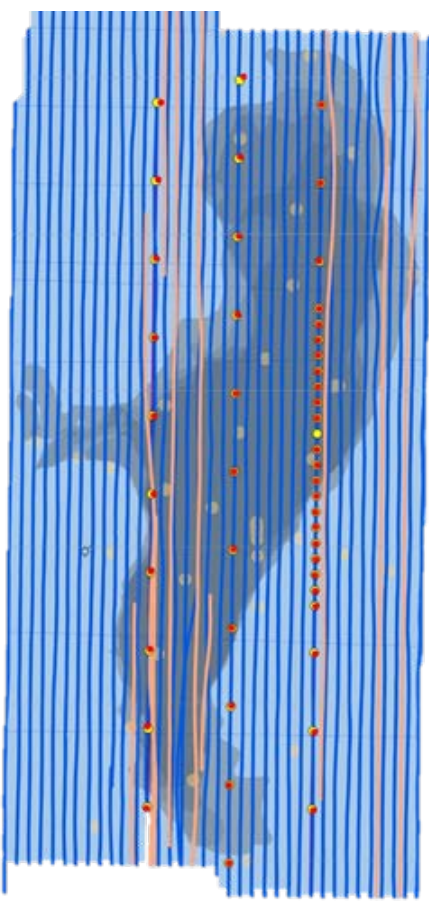
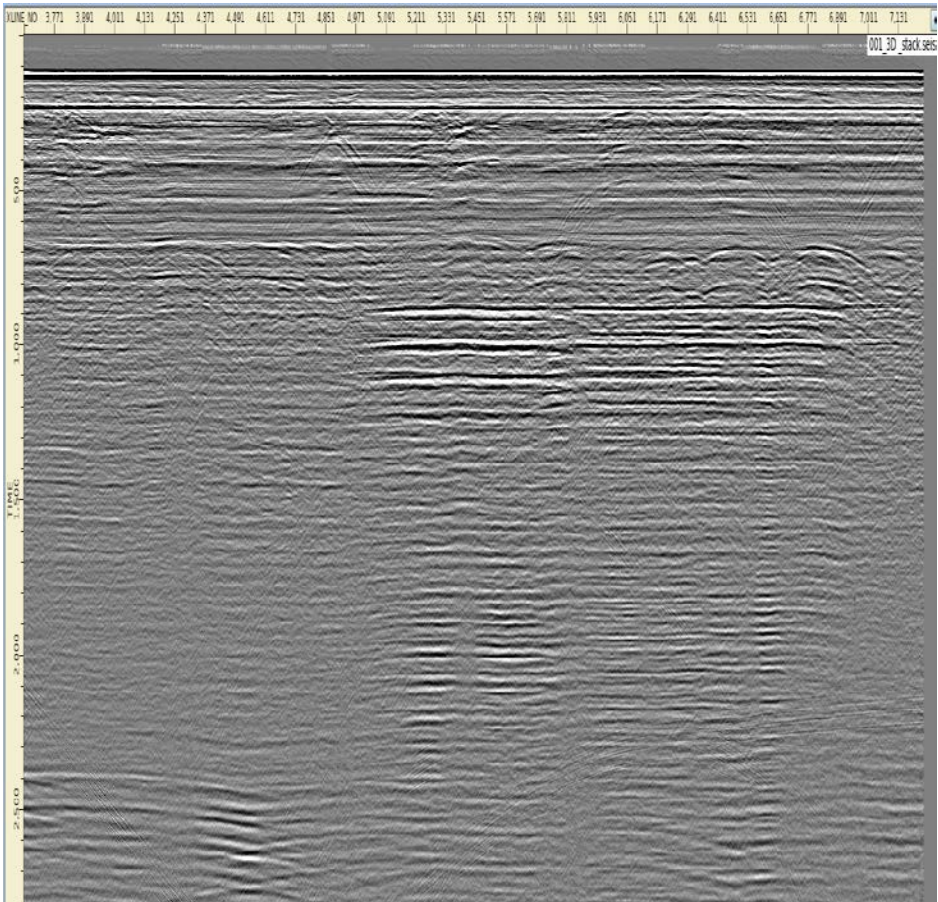
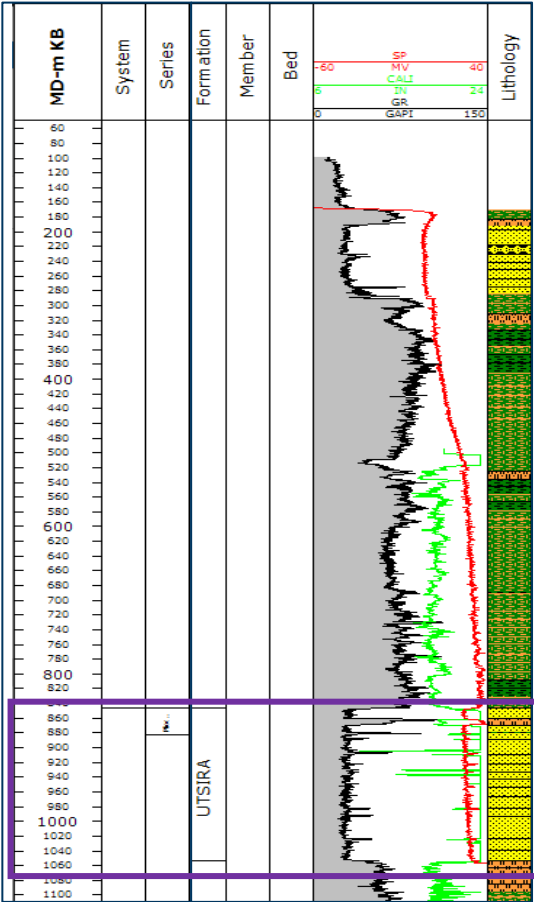
Not to scale



- Depth: 80m
- Median offset 3.7m
- Maximum offset 32.9m



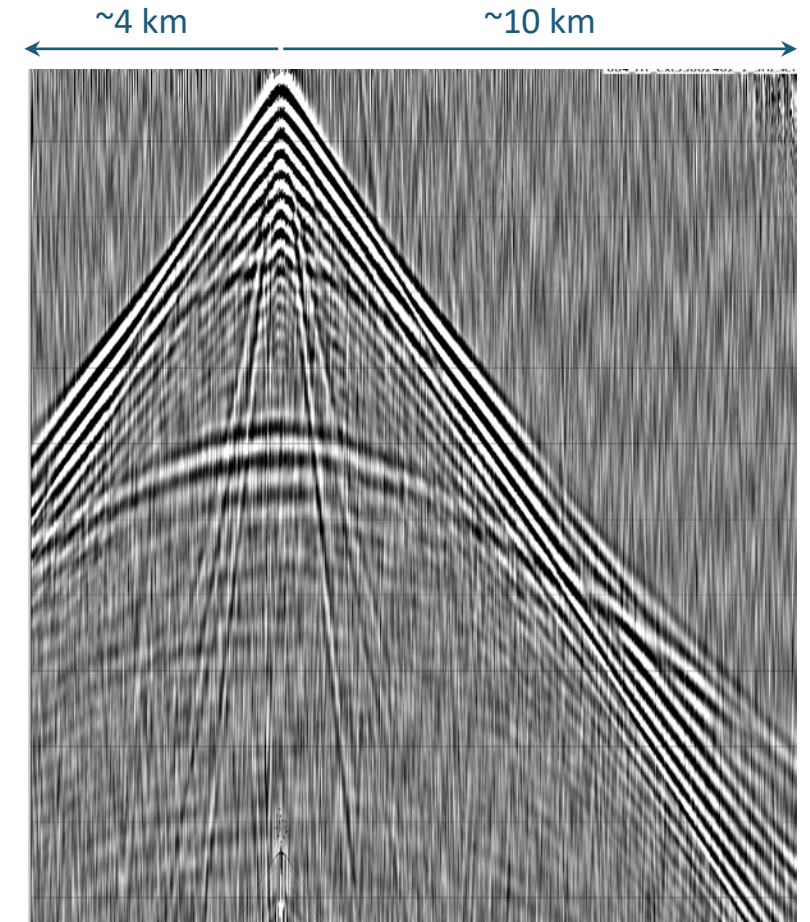
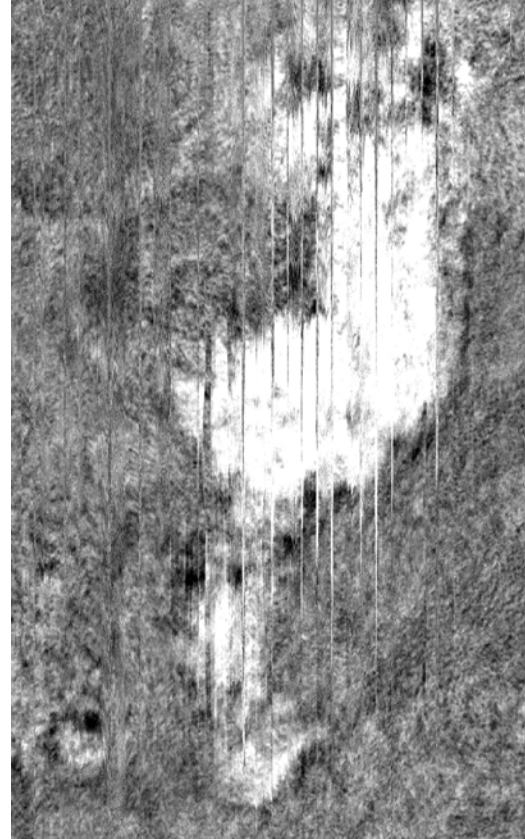
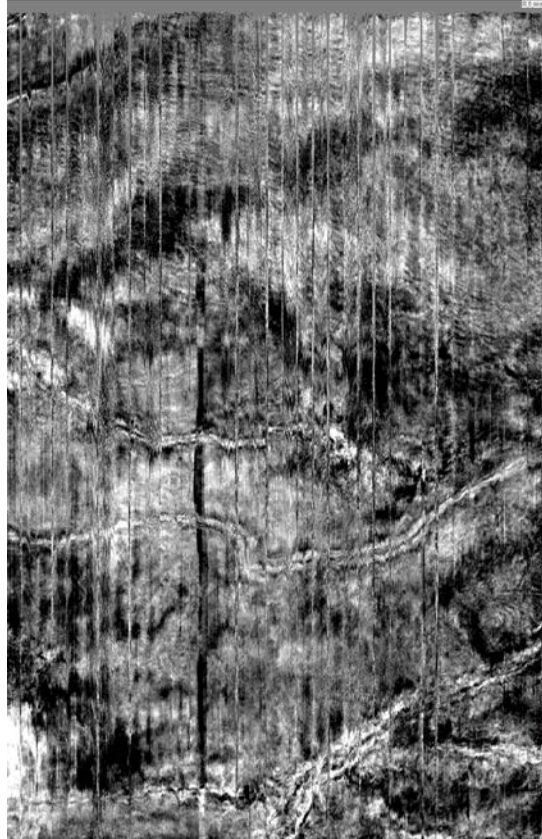
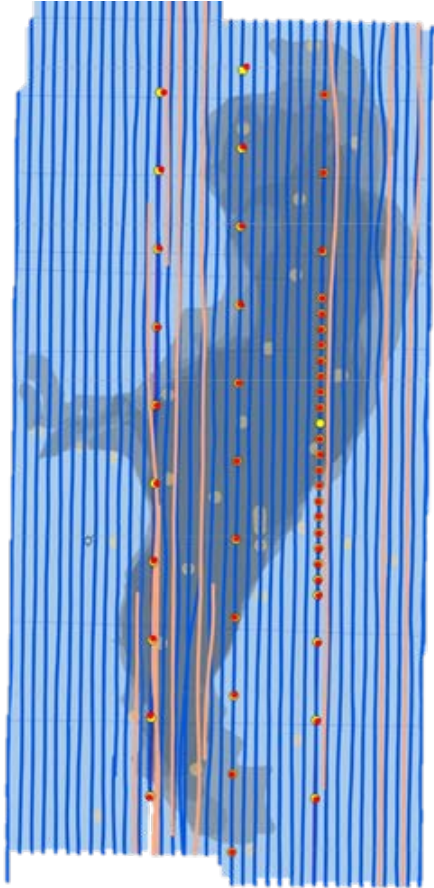
Sleipner 2022 Pilot – A look at the raw data



RAW Stack showing depth of penetration and imaging of the vertical heterogeneity within the Utsira Formation as logged in the adjacent 15/9- 13

New phase of processing will take FWI VMB from Nodes

Sleipner Initial 3D Results – RAW Data



Long offset data on raw nodal hydrophone record (0-5 Hz) for Full Waveform Inversion

Nodes

- Testing a concept

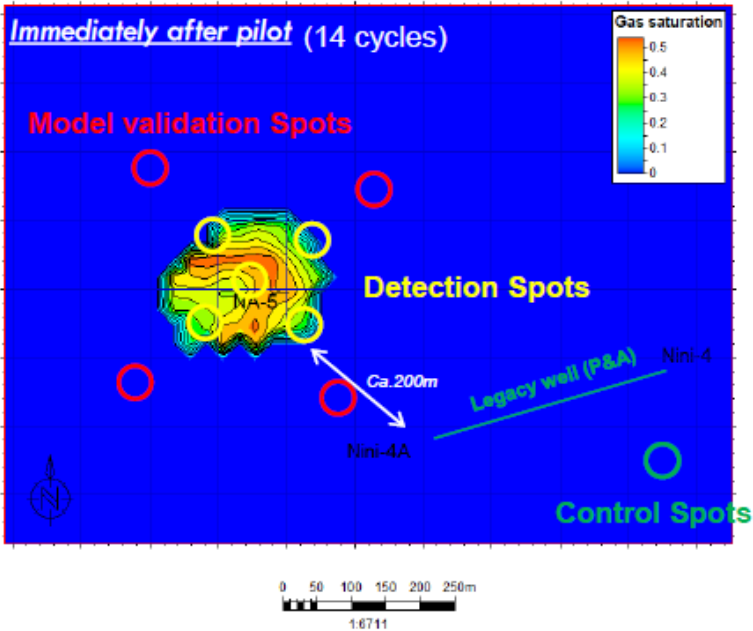
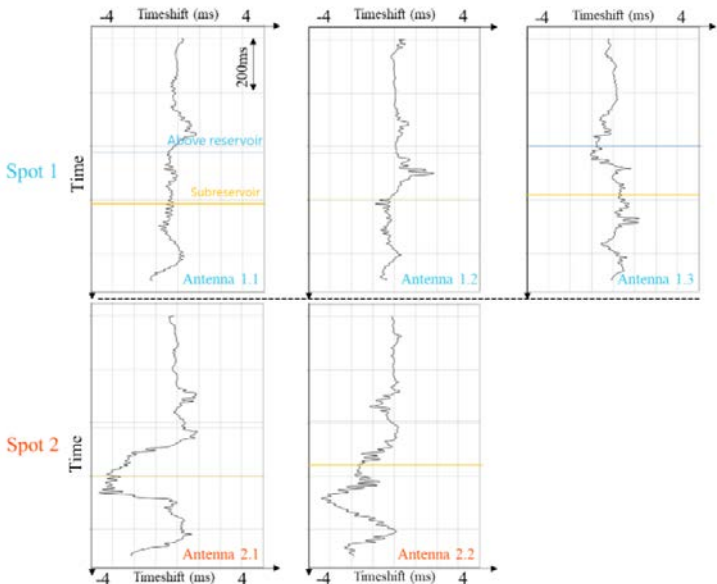
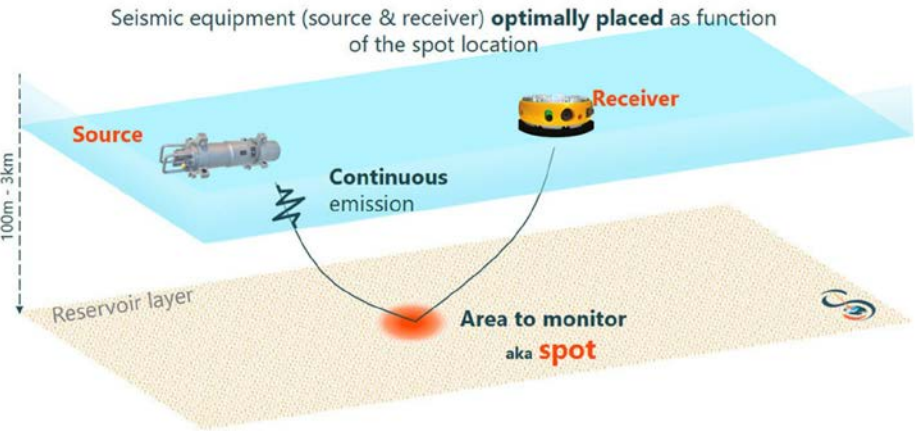


Testing the Spotlight concept at Greensand

Greensand partners



CO2 related time shifts at Weyburn²



¹ <https://jpt.spe.org/shaking-seismic-business-simple-idea>
² Brun et al, CO₂ injection detection using light time-lapse seismic Monitoring, EAGE 2022
³ Szabados et al, Greensand Focused Seismic Monitoring for Offshore CO₂ Pilot Injection, GET2022

Spotlight concept¹

Testing the Spotlight concept in Greensand project

- Key Objectives¹

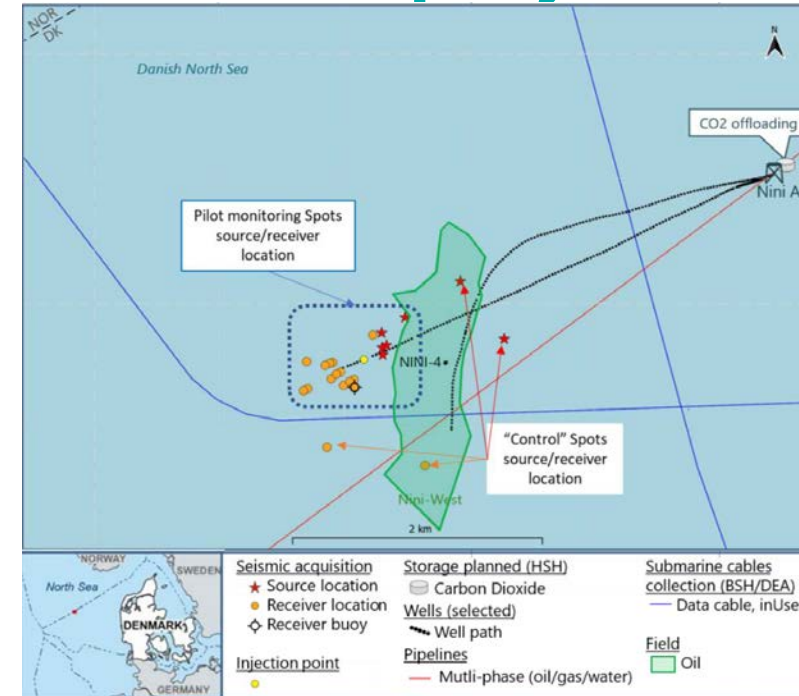
- Demonstrate detectability of CO₂ by means of focused seismic, 1st offshore trial
- Low energy air gun (600 cu) selected
- 16 receiver -, 7 source locations planned. 80 shots planned per source location
- 3 seismic campaigns planned to monitor injection pilot (1-5 days each)

- How:

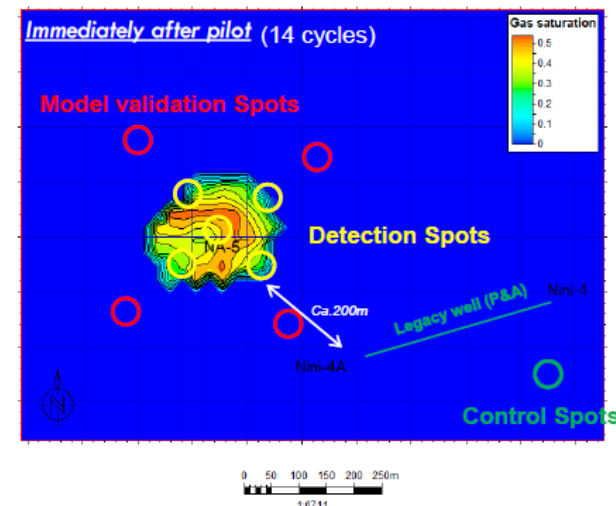
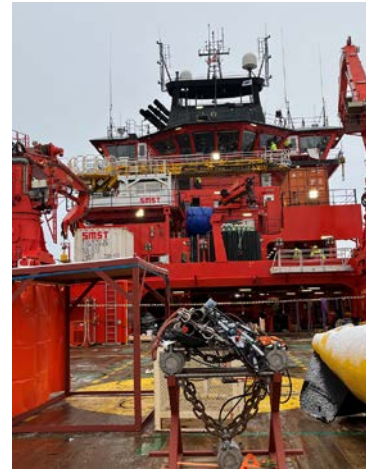
- Seismic spots placed geometrically around the injection point to cover entire plume.
- Detection Spots should confirm CO₂ presence.
- Model validation Spots should confirm absence of CO₂ according to simulation model during project time.
- Control Spots are measuring the noise level and repeatability out of reach of the plume.

- Why:

- Perform full 4D monitoring when model is not confirmed by the spots.



Planned Spotlight nodal acquisition at Greensand¹

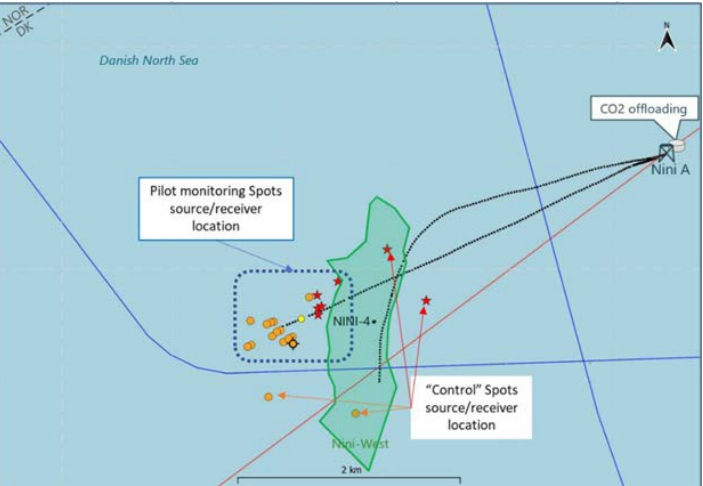


Conclusions

- Current geophysical technologies are very capable of supporting conformance requirements and delivering evidence of CO2 containment in offshore Carbon Stores
- In order to deliver a full monitor, integrated seismic solutions delivering both realtime and periodic data feeds have a role to play
- Seismic MMV plans should be developed in collaboration with drilling and O&M planning as synergies are available that can optimise cost and footprint of monitoring operations
- It is possible to optimise cost levels and environmental footprint of monitoring activities in line with operational duration and emissions intensity

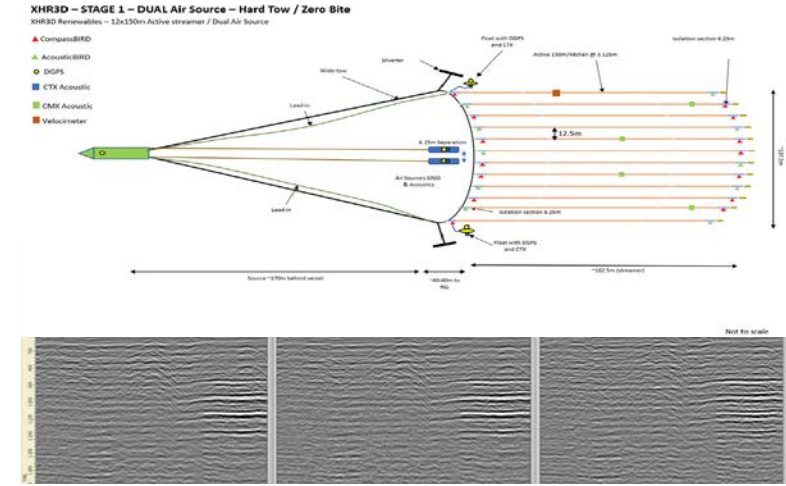
Acknowledgements

TGS is currently operating a node deployment program for “spot” monitoring together with **SPOTLIGHT** over the Greensand CCS site in Denmark as part of the consortium.

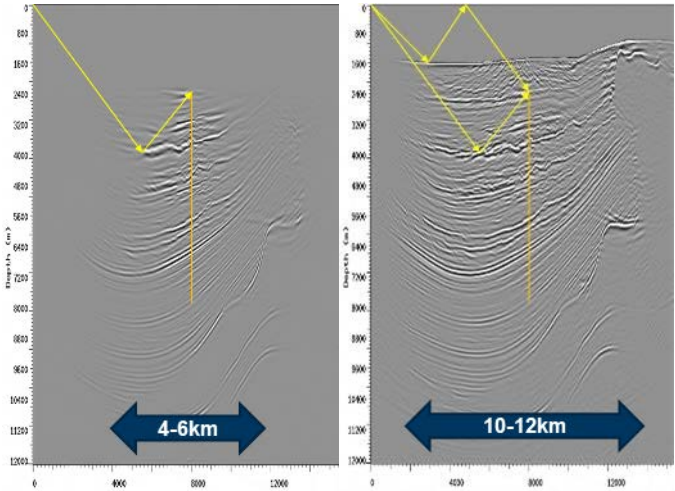


See the energy at
TGS.com

The recently completed XHR acquisition over the Sleipner field. The survey was designed to evaluate XHR 3D, sources and sparse to dense node lines for CO2 plume imaging. The program was conducted in collaboration with **equinor** and **CLIMIT**



TGS IMG has developed new approaches to DAS(VSP) imaging. TGS in collaboration with **HALLIBURTON** offers installation and processing of DAS data. TGS currently has a collaboration with to evaluate 3 and 4D monitoring technologies for C**Horisont Energi**





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