## **Chuditch Gas Field, Offshore Timor-Leste**





Colin Murray 7 March 2023 Application of Pre-Stack Depth Migration and Full Wavefield Inversion to unveil a substantial gas discovery

SundaGas Banda UL is a subsidiary of BARON OIL PIC

## Acknowledgements





Timor-Leste government regulator – for permission to show data and presentation

Joint Venture partner

3D seismic PSDM reprocessing and data licensor – for permission to show seismic data and provision of some data images

Post-migration gather conditioning

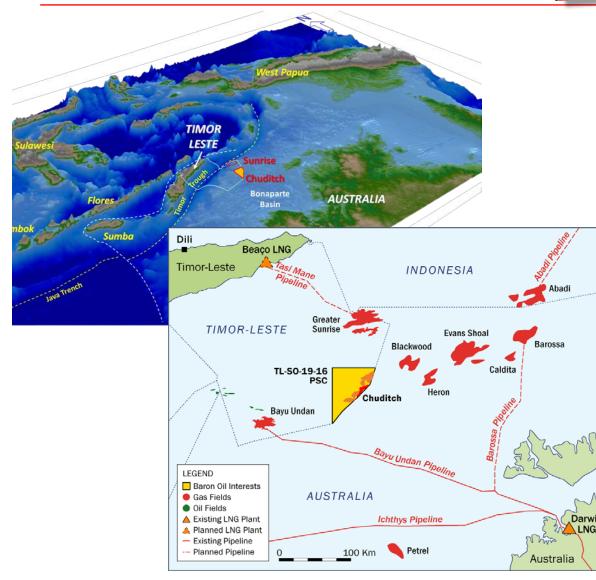
SundaGas colleagues and co-authors

# Introduction to Timor-Leste



#### and SundaGas

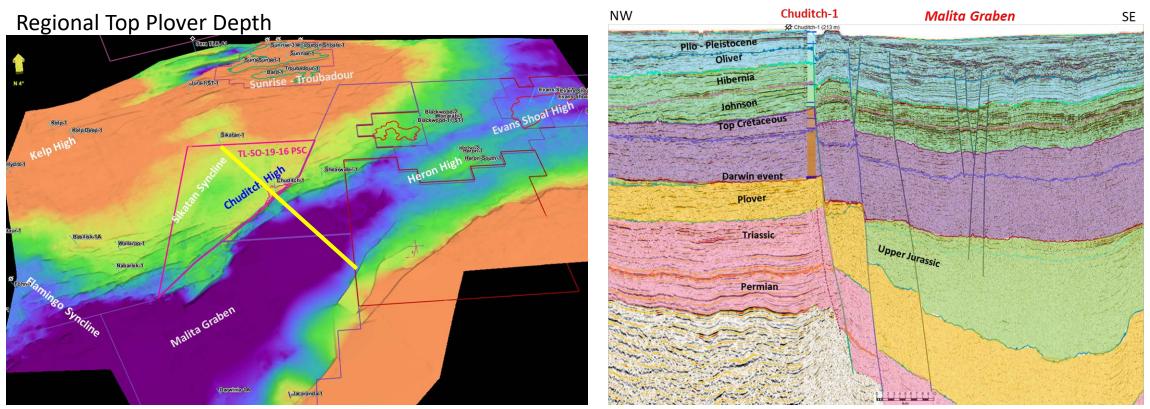




- Timor-Leste is a young, democratic republic, with substantial developmental challenges
- Economy dependent on revenues from Bayu Undan, about to convert to CCS facility
- Keen to see the development of new resources, including Sunrise and Chuditch
- SundaGas Banda UL ("SundaGas")
  - SundaGas shareholder is UK-listed Baron Oil Plc
  - Operator of the TL-SO-19-16 ("Chuditch") PSC
  - 75% WI; JV partner TIMOR GAP
  - 130km east of Bayu Undan, 100km south of Sunrise

# **Chuditch PSC: Basin Setting**

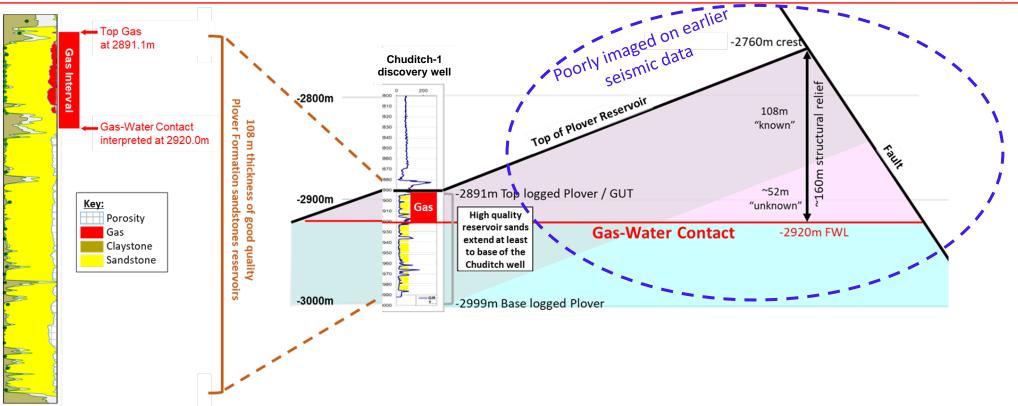




- Middle Jurassic Plover Fm. (Fluvio-deltaic to shallow marine) is the principal reservoir and gas source
- Upper Jurassic rifting along Malita Graben trend, with thick graben fill
- Thick Lower Cretaceous sag sequence shales form regionally extensive seals
- Tertiary interval comprises mixed mudstones and carbonates

# Chuditch-1 unlocked large gas potential





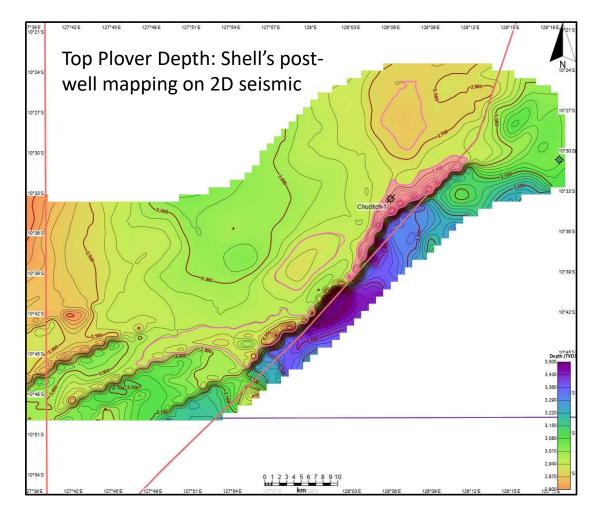
#### Good quality reservoir in gas interval

✓ Net to Gross (= % reservoir)	89.0%
🗸 Ave. Net pay porosity	12.4% (up to 18%)
$\checkmark$ Ave .Net pay permeability	195mD (up to 1 D)
✓ Gas saturation	85.5%

- Chuditch-1 drilled by Shell (1998), significant gas discovery
  - Drilled in 64m water to 3,010 m TVDSS
  - > 29m gas column in 120m section of good quality Plover Fm reservoir
  - Closely constrained gas-water contact

# Key Challenge: Seismic Imaging





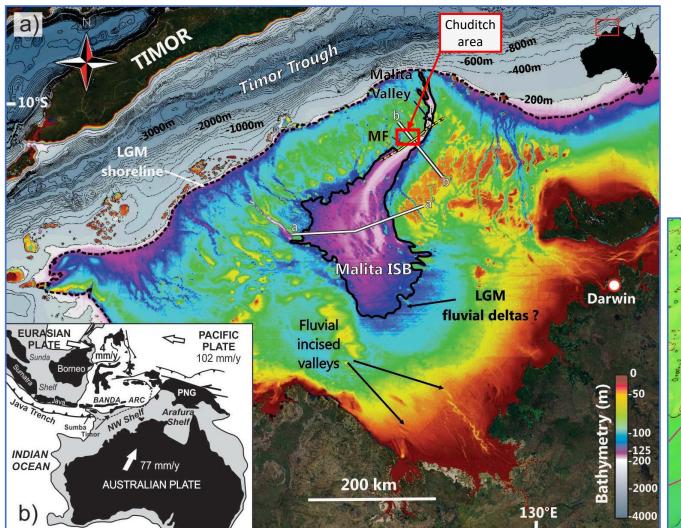
- Chuditch recognised as a Tcf-scale gas resource
  - Relinquished by Shell in 2001, mainly due to lack of commercial gas development solutions at that time
- Drilled at a downdip location on mapped structure
  - Post-well mapping defined a three-way dip and fault trap with offset structures to the north, west and south west
- Significant velocity / depth conversion uncertainties
  - Convoluted seabed (drowned incised terrain)
  - Complex shallow geology (reef and platform carbonates)
  - Large low relief dip and fault bounded structures

together results in...

- Highly complex velocity field
- Uncertainty in depth imaging of top reservoir surface
- Poor definition of fault locations

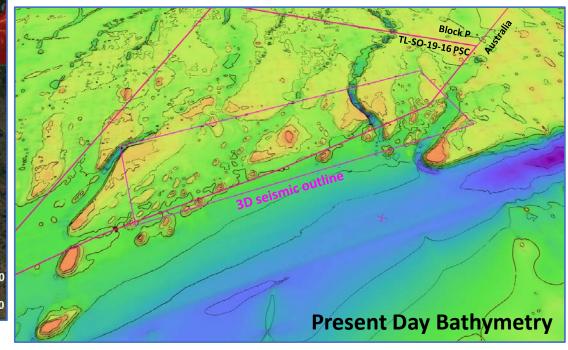
# Changing sea-levels has created seismic complexity





 Timor Sea area has historically proved challenging for seismic imaging

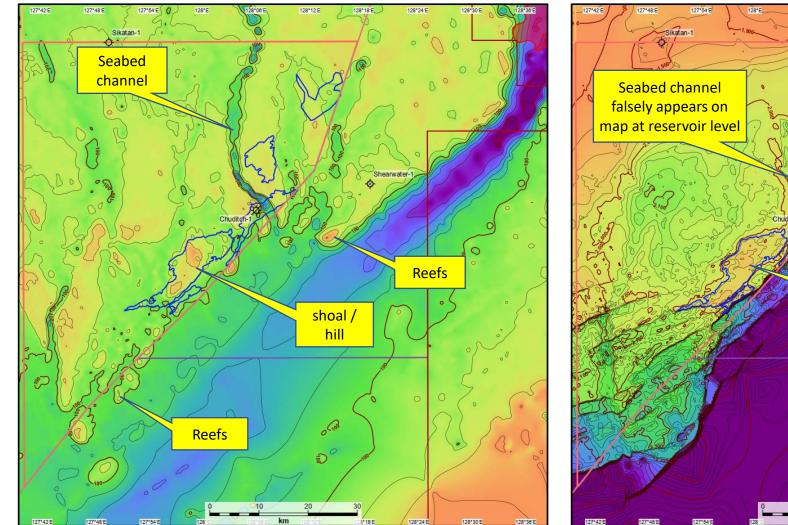
- complex seabed from sub-aerial erosion then flooding during glacial and post-glacial periods
- seismic ray-paths are highly convoluted



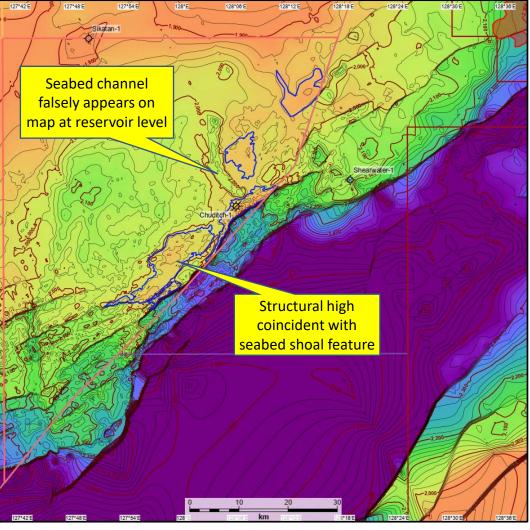
From Bourget et al., 2013. Seismic Stratigraphy of a Plio-Quaternary Intra-shelf Basin (Bonaparte Shelf, NW Australia)

#### Seabed features seen on Darwin (near to reservoir) TWT structure





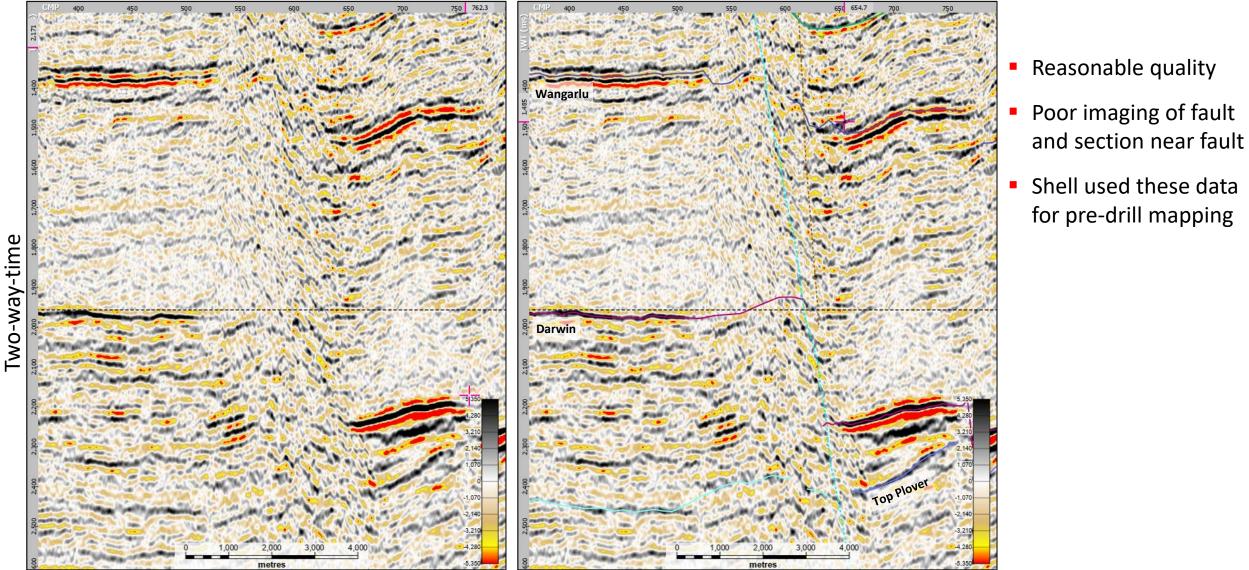
Seabed Bathymetry Map



Darwin TWT Map (SundaGas 2020 mapping on 2D seismic)

#### Data Evolution: 2D Seismic, 1993 PSTM

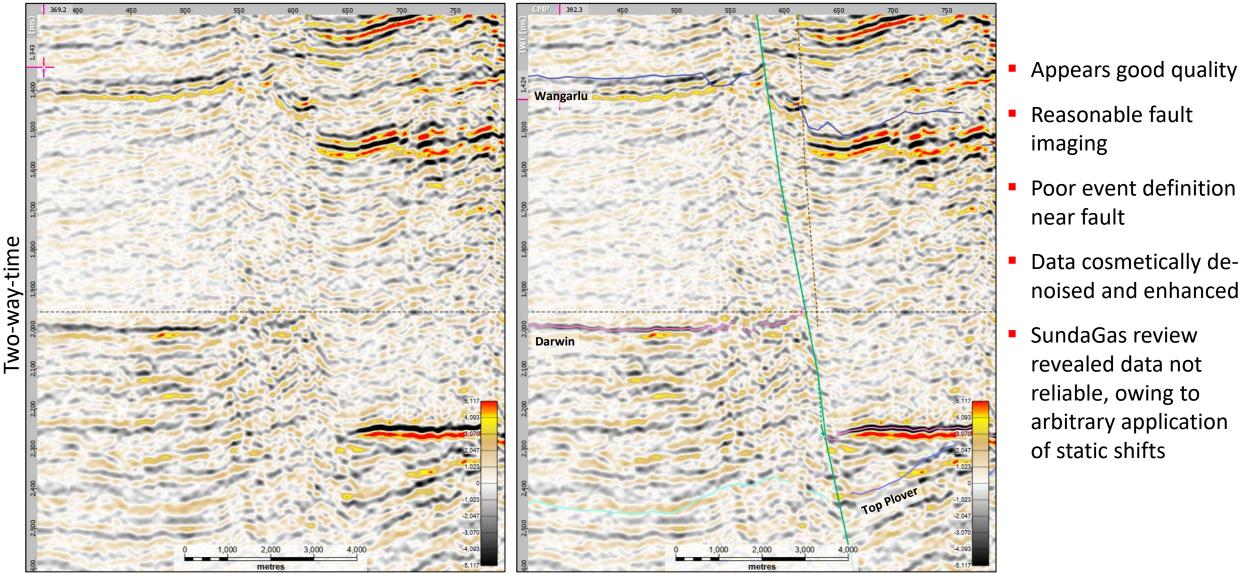




2D Seismic Profile E93TG16-84

## Data Evolution: 3D Seismic: 2013 PSTM (Fugro)



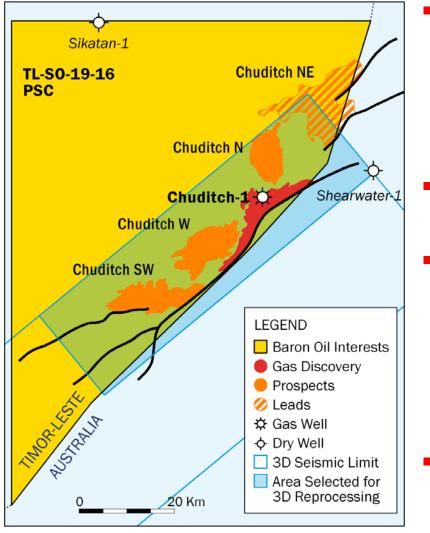


Arbitrary line along path of 2D Seismic Profile E93TG16-84

Data shown courtesy of TGS
+ve acoustic impedance = negative number – displayed black

# **3D PSDM reprocessing project**





#### 2012 acquisition

- Conventional shallow tow 6m source / 7m cable
- Wide tow 10 streamer, 100m separation
- Acquired in regional strike direction
- Limited angle range 6000m streamer length

#### 2021-2022 Reprocessing

TGS multi-client project – focus on 1,270 km<sup>2</sup> subset over SundaGas area

#### Challenges

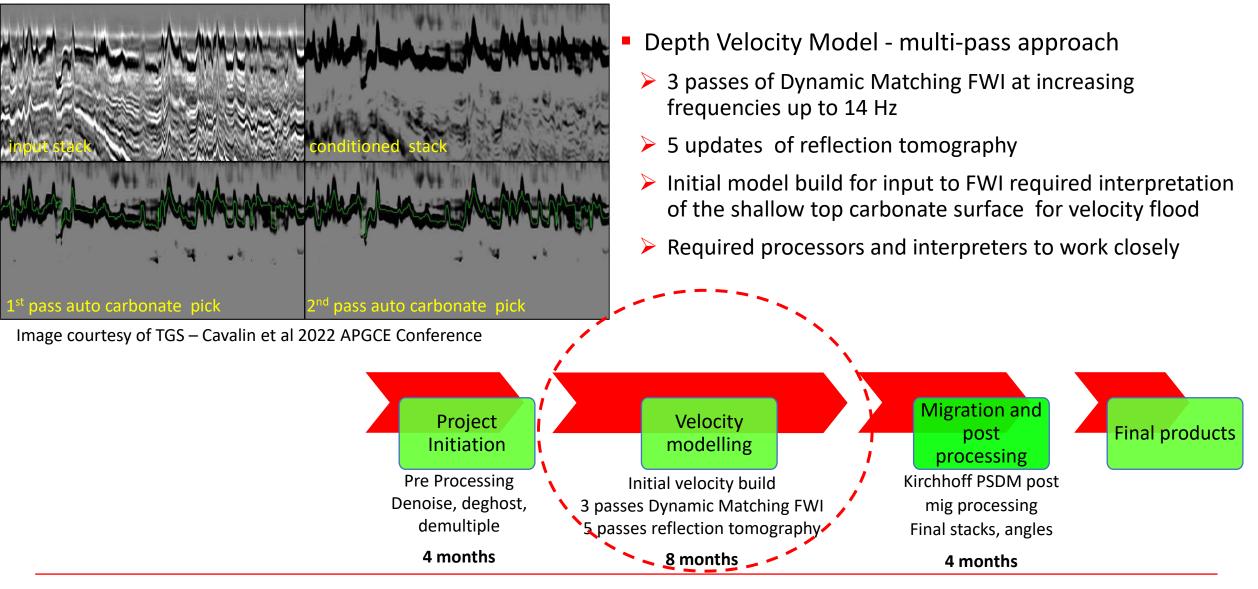
- Complex seabed and shallow geology channels, carbonate platforms and reefs producing structural distortions at depth
- Shallow water depth seabed not resolved on far cables
- Multiples
- Lack of low frequencies below 3-4 Hz for FWI model building

#### Key Objectives

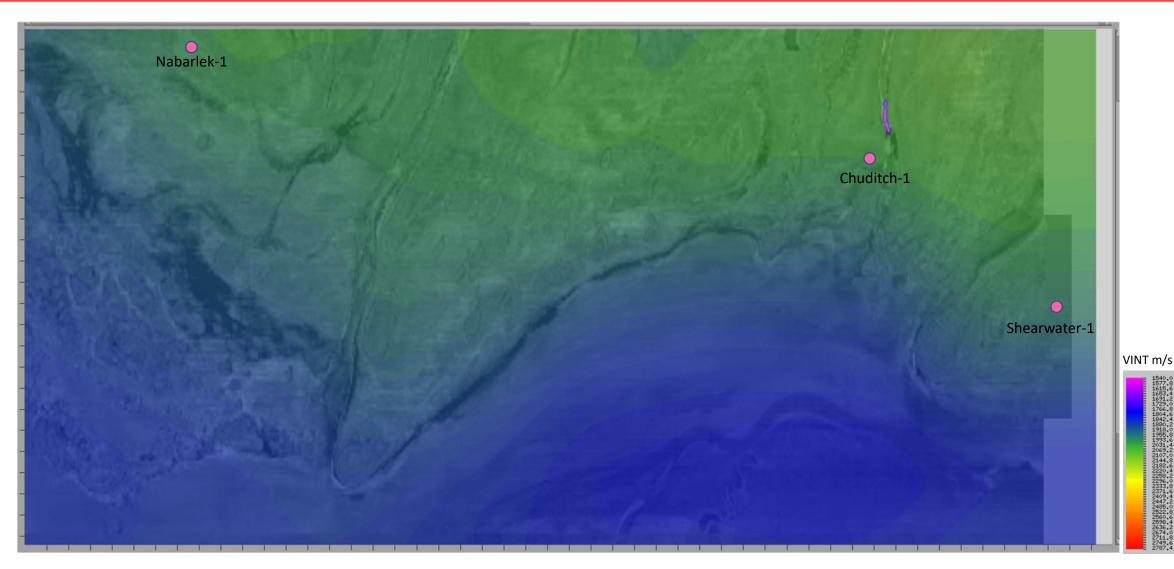
- > Resolve velocity complexities to remove distortions in depth image
- Improve resolution of seismic events and fault definition at reservoir level

### **Reprocessing Outline**

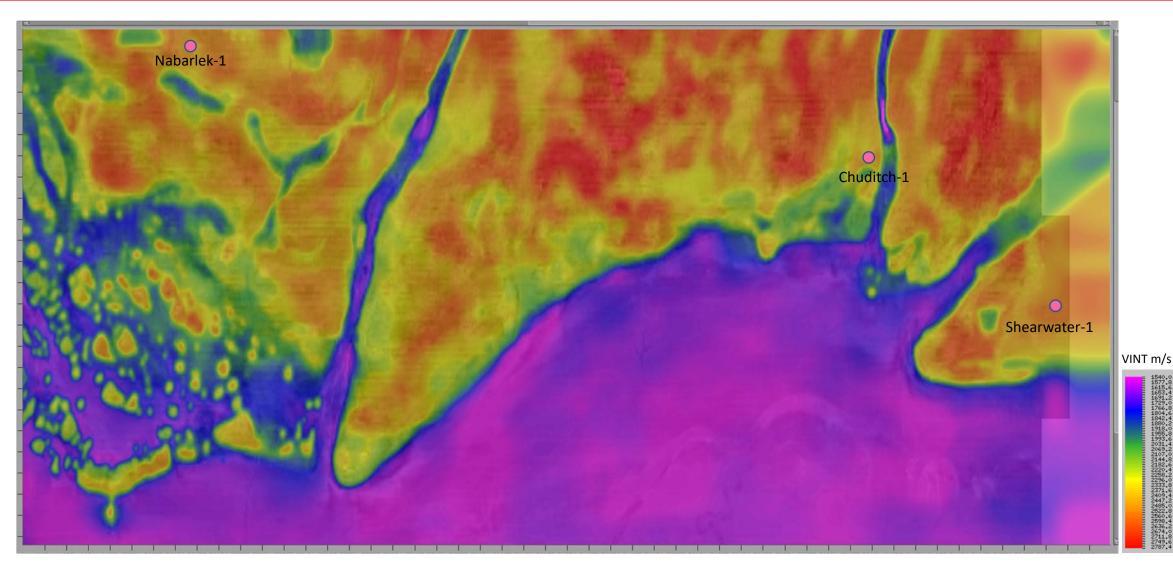






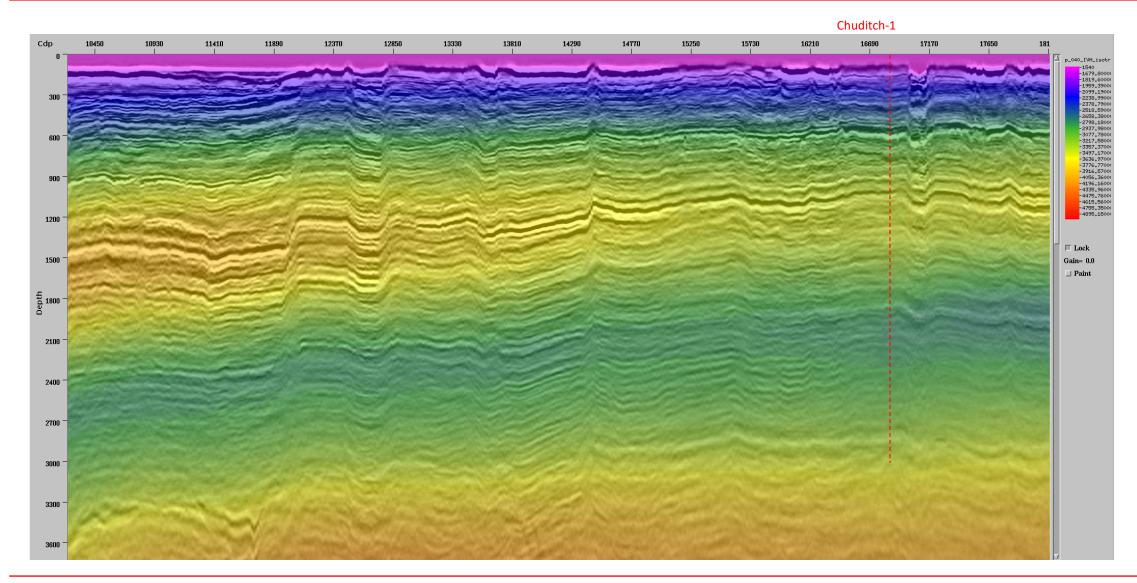






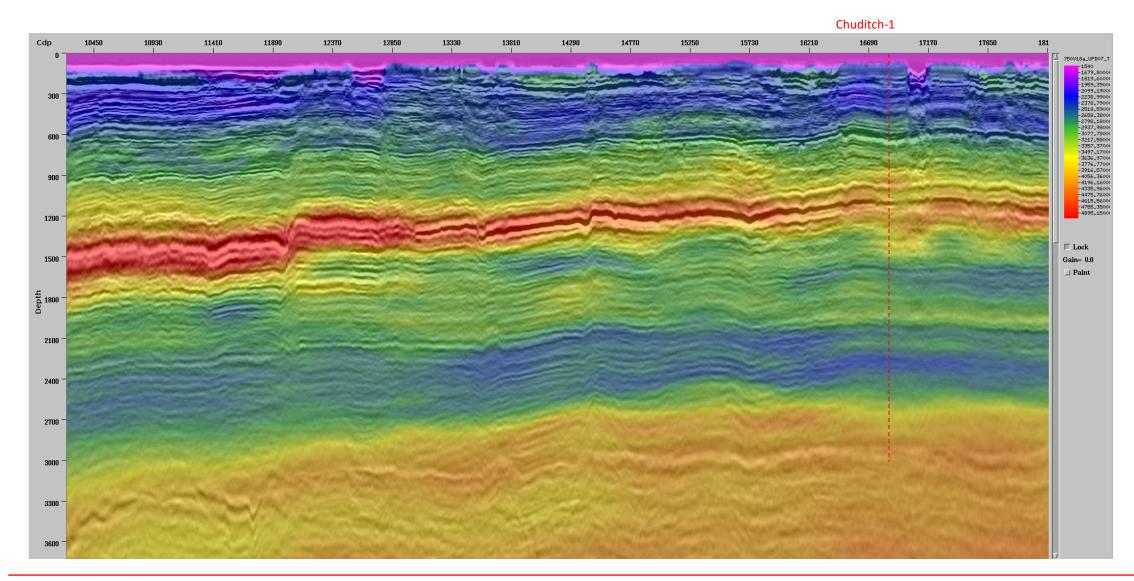
#### Initial KPSDM Stack and Velocity Model – Chuditch inline





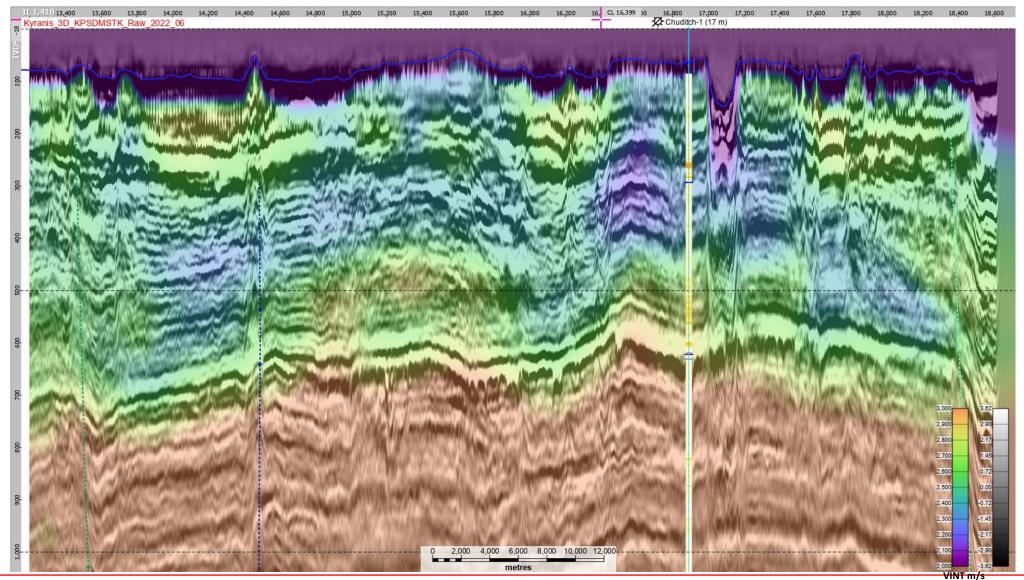
# Final KPSDM Stack (raw) and Velocity Model – Chuditch inline





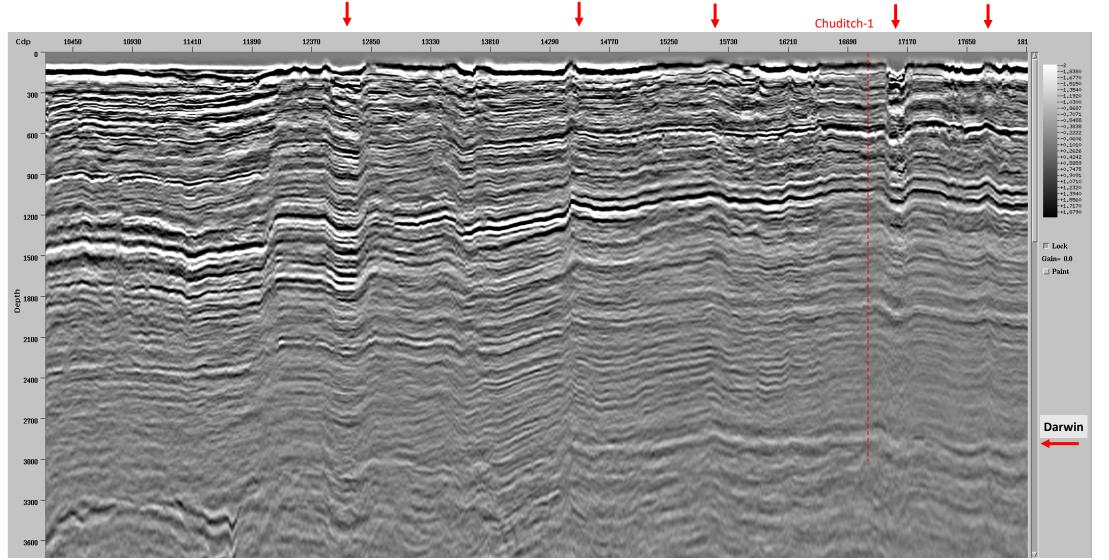
#### Final Velocity Model and stack – shallow section zoom





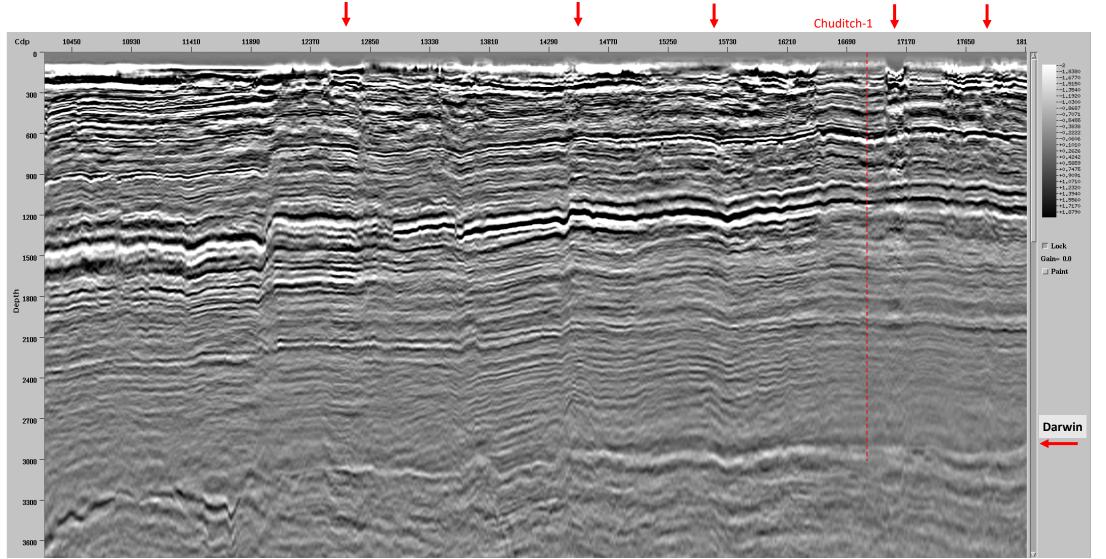
#### Initial KPSDM Stack – Chuditch inline





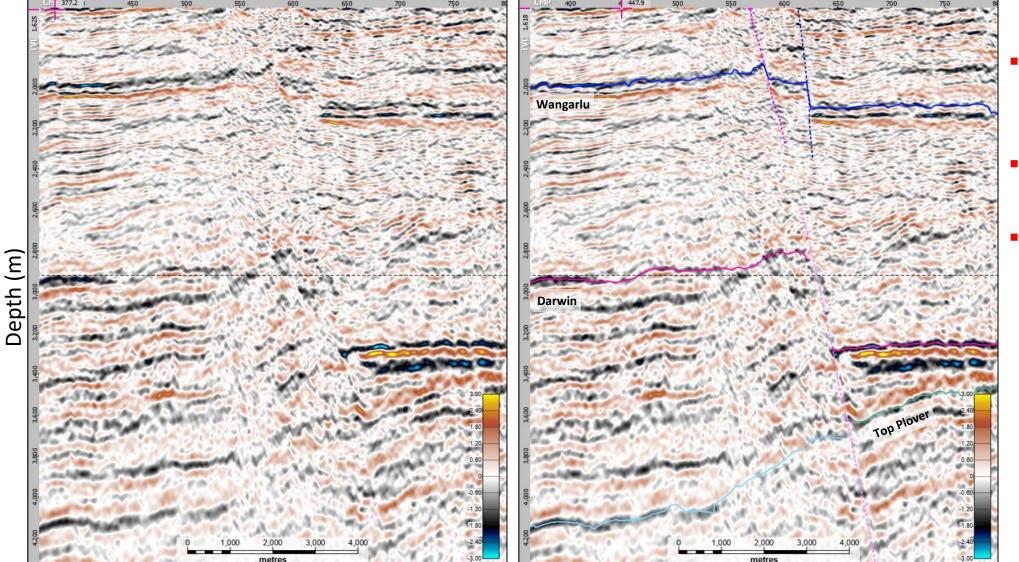
#### Final KPSDM Stack (raw) - – Chuditch inline





#### Data Evolution: 2022 KPSDM Full Stack





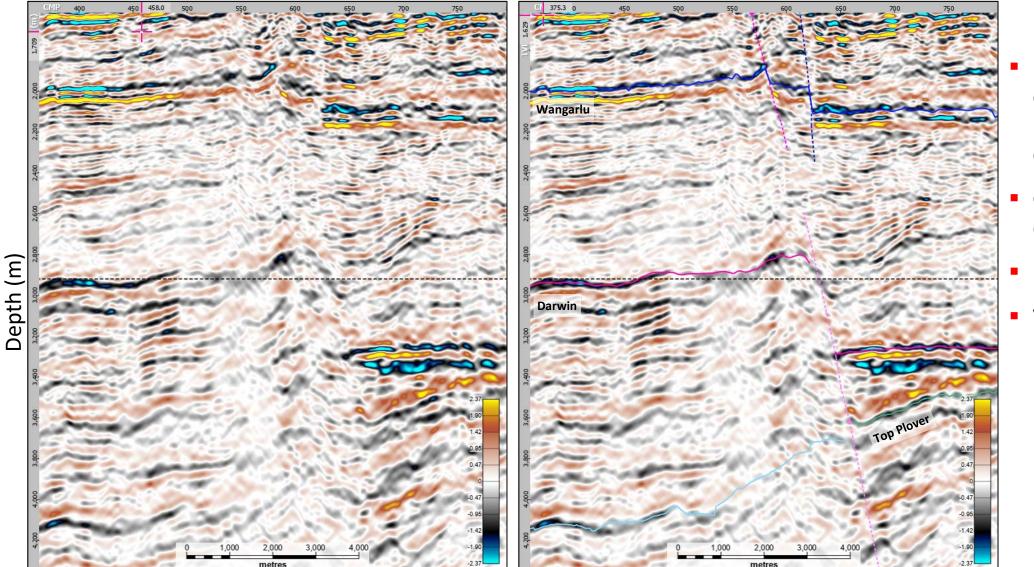
- Much better structural definition in depth
- Fault imaging more reliable
- Darwin event can be patchy, especially towards Chuditch

Arbitrary line along path of 2D Seismic Profile E93TG16-84

+ve acoustic impedance = negative number – displayed blue/black **20** 

# Data Evolution: 2022 PSDM (Sharp Reflections - conditioned)





- Focused conditioning of gathers and stack provides much more coherent Darwin pick
- Good structural definition in depth
- Fault imaging reliable

21

 Volume used for prospect mapping

<u>Data shown courtesy of TGS</u> +ve acoustic impedance = negative number – displayed blue/black

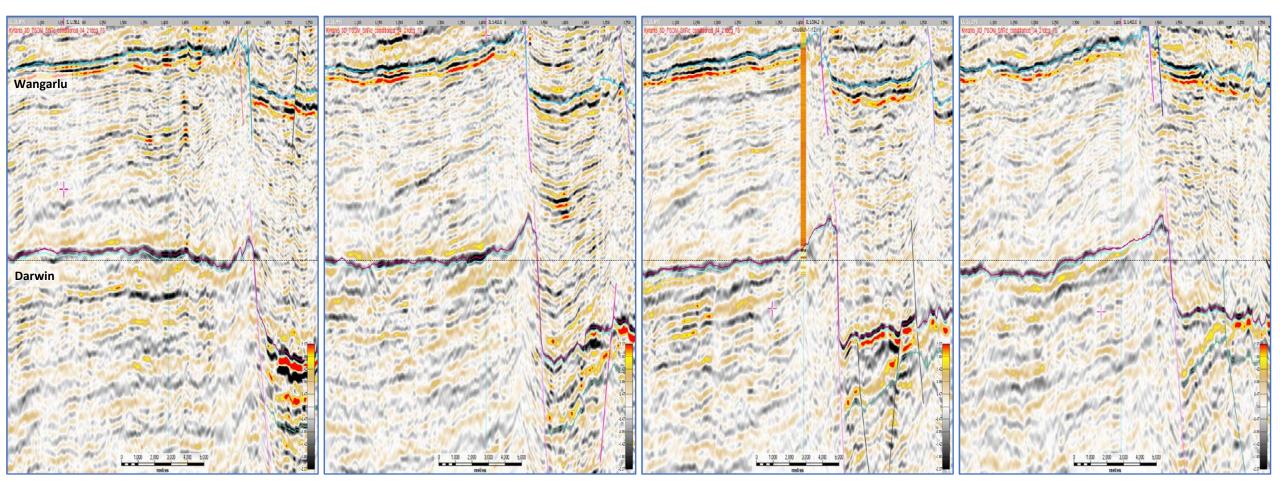
Arbitrary line along path of 2D Seismic Profile E93TG16-84

## Xline panels illustrating Darwin event along Chuditch trend



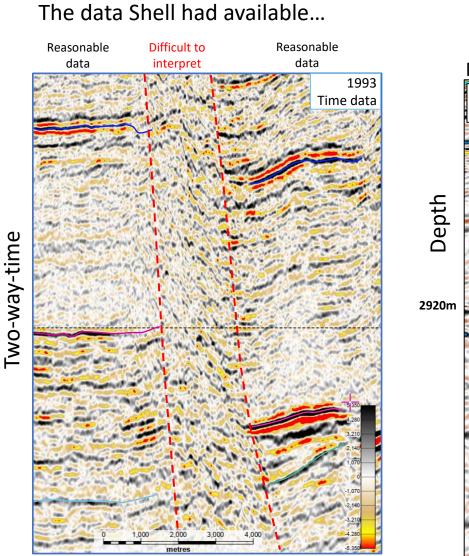
NE

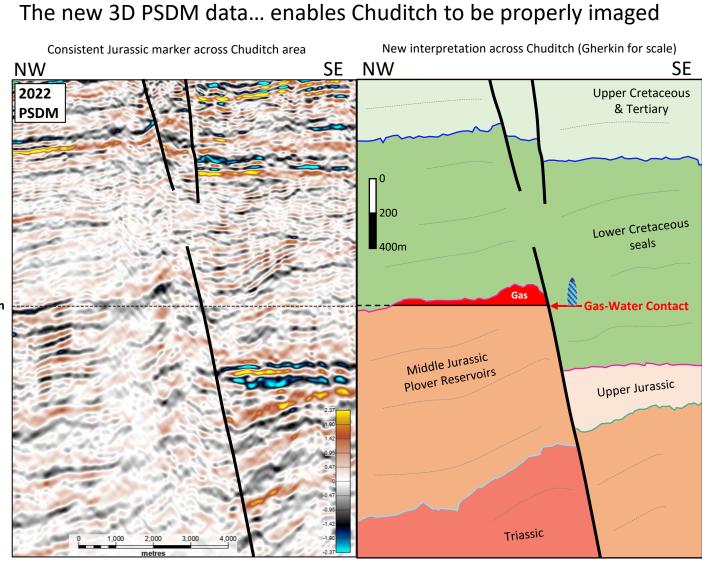




## Seismic Reprocessing: What has been achieved...?



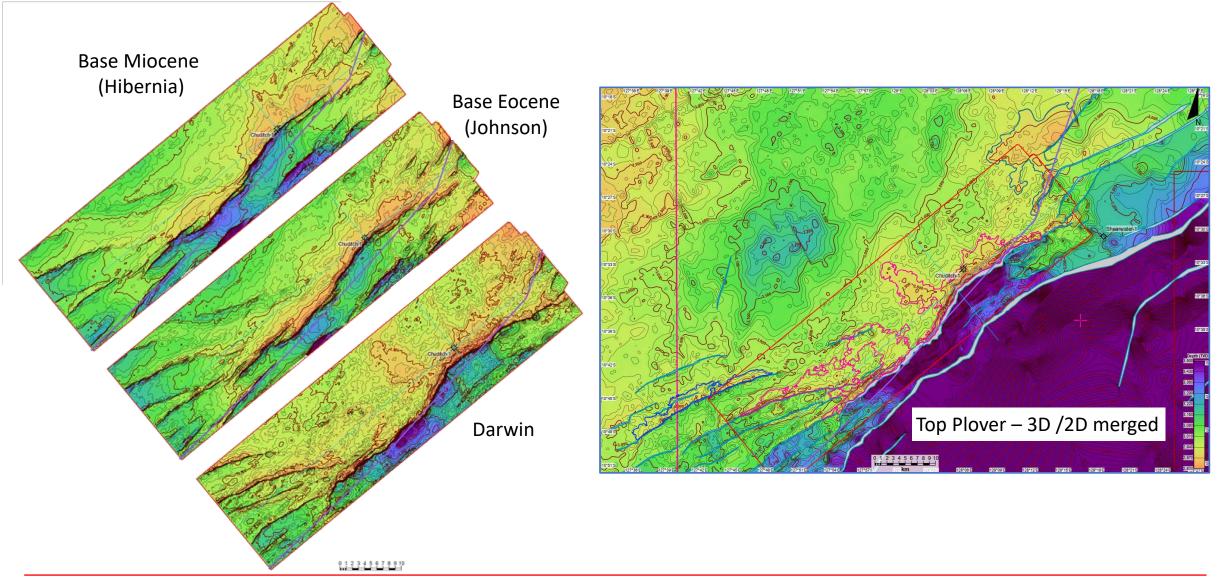




+ve acoustic impedance = negative number – displayed blue/black 23

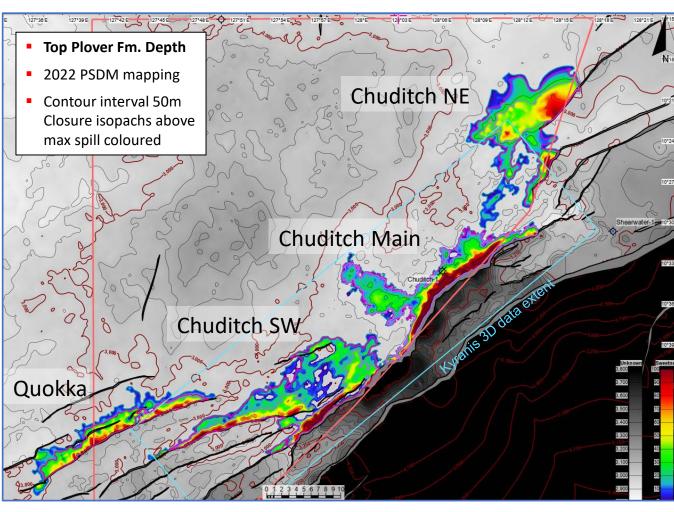
## Horizon Depth Mapping





# Material Contingent and Prospective Gas Resources





#### **Chuditch-1 Discovery**

Proven gas, >20km structure updip from well

#### **Chuditch NE Prospect**

...en route to Sunrise, needs further 3D data

#### Chuditch SW Prospect

lower relief structure, several culminations

#### Quokka Prospect

simple structure, extends beyond 3D and off block

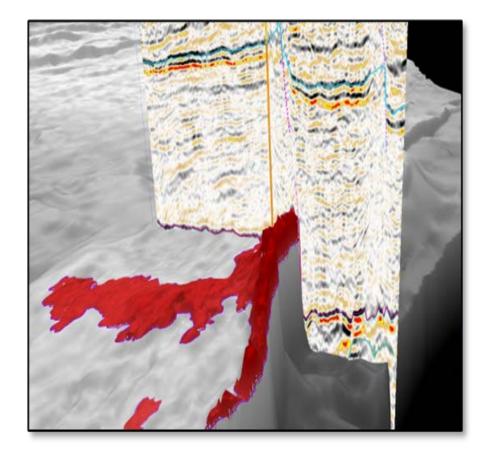
	<u>SundaGas</u>					
Contingent Resource	Gas Resource (Bscf)				Risk	Gas (Bcf)
Contingent Resource	P90 (1C)	P50 (2C)	P10 (3C)	Mean	POSg	Mean
Chuditch Main	481	999	2050	1165	100%	1161

Prospective Resource	Gas Resource (Bscf)				Risk	Gas (Bcf)
	P90 (1U)	P50 (2U)	P10 (3U)	Pmean	POSg	Pmean
Chuditch NE	167	527	1587	759	30%	863
Chuditch SW - Alpha	139	326	729	394	52%	
Chuditch SW - Beta	107	238	505	281	45%	855
Chuditch SW - total	246	564	1234	675		
Quokka	41	142	469	217	26%	410
Total				1651		2128
Total CR + PR				2816		3289

# **Conclusions and Forward Plans**



- By utilising modern seismic processing algorithms and techniques, an accurate subsurface image has been enabled
  - Processes are time consuming and require close liaison between processing team and interpreter to produce a valid output
  - Application of FWI has produced a detailed velocity model that conforms to the complex shallow geology
- As a result of the PSDM reprocessing...
  - Fault positioning and definition of key horizons is much improved
  - Chuditch structure has been clearly imaged for the first time
  - Estimated gas volumes have increased
  - 2D seismic based leads have matured into prospects
- Chuditch and its adjacent prospects are finally delineated and confirmed as a significant potential gas resource for Timor-Leste
- Planning for appraisal drilling and DST



 Contact <u>andy.butler@sundagas.com</u> for more info on Chuditch